







### Global Data

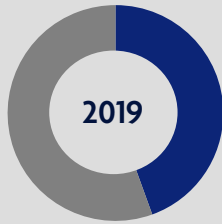
 Total GDP contribution:		 Total Travel & Tourism jobs:		
2019	<b>10.3%</b> USD 9,630 BN	Travel & Tourism GDP change:	<b>333 MN</b> = 1 in 10 jobs	Change in Jobs <sup>2</sup> :
2020	<b>5.3%</b> USD 4,775 BN	<b>-50.4%</b> =USD -4,855 BN (Economy GDP = -3.3%)	<b>271 MN</b> = 1 in 12 jobs	<b>-62.0MN</b> = -18.6%
2021	<b>6.1%</b> USD 5,812 BN	<b>+21.7%</b> =USD 1,038 BN (Economy GDP = 5.8%)	<b>289 MN</b> = 1 in 11 jobs	<b>+18.2MN</b> = + 6.7%

### Lithuania Key Data

2019	2020	2021
<b>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to GDP:</b>		
 <b>6.0%</b> of Total Economy EUR 3,157.3MN (USD 3,476.7MN)	<b>3.0%</b> of Total Economy EUR 1,568.6MN (USD 1,727.3MN) Change: -50.3% Economy change: 0.0%	<b>3.3%</b> of Total Economy EUR 1,825.3MN (USD 2,010.0MN) Change: +16.4% Economy change: +4.8%
<b>Total contribution of Travel &amp; Tourism to Employment:</b>		
 <b>66.1 (000s)</b> 4.8% of total jobs	<b>50.1 (000s)</b> 3.7% of total jobs Change: -24.1%	<b>54.9 (000s)</b> 4.0% of total jobs Change: +9.4%
<b>Visitor Spend:</b>		
<b>International:</b>		
 <b>EUR 1,550.0 MN</b> 3.8% of total exports (USD 1,706.8MN)	<b>EUR 560.0 MN</b> 1.4% of total exports (USD 616.6MN) Change: -63.9%	<b>EUR 507.3 MN</b> 1.2% of total exports (USD 558.6MN) Change: -9.4%
<b>Domestic:</b>		
 <b>EUR 1,242.0 MN</b> (USD 1,367.6MN)	<b>EUR 715.2 MN</b> (USD 787.5MN) Change: -42.4%	<b>EUR 1,026.3 MN</b> (USD 1,130.1MN) Change: +43.5%

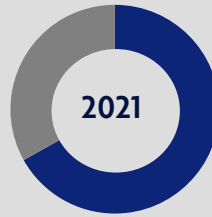
### Lithuania Sector Characteristics

#### Domestic vs International Spending:



● Domestic Spending:  
**USD 1,367.6MN (44%)**

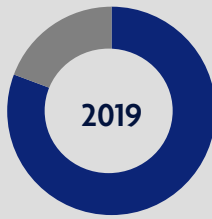
● International Spending:  
**USD 1,706.8MN (56%)**



● Domestic Spending:  
**USD 1,130.1MN (67%)**

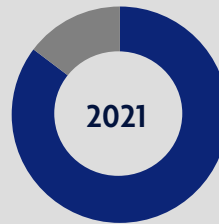
● International Spending:  
**USD 558.6MN (33%)**

#### Leisure vs Business Spending:



● Leisure Spending:  
**USD 2,479.8MN (81%)**

● Business Spending:  
**USD 594.7MN (19%)**



● Leisure Spending:  
**USD 1,439.9MN (85%)**

● Business Spending:  
**USD 248.8MN (15%)**

### Inbound Arrivals<sup>3</sup>

2019	2021
1. Germany <b>12%</b>	1. Poland <b>15%</b>
2. Poland <b>10%</b>	2. Russian Federation <b>13%</b>
3. Russian Federation <b>10%</b>	3. Belarus <b>12%</b>
4. Belarus <b>10%</b>	4. Germany <b>11%</b>
5. Latvia <b>9%</b>	5. Latvia <b>11%</b>
<b>Rest of world 49%</b>	<b>Rest of world 38%</b>

### Outbound Departures<sup>3</sup>

2019	2021
1. Poland <b>19%</b>	1. Poland <b>27%</b>
2. United Kingdom <b>9%</b>	2. Russian Federation <b>11%</b>
3. Russian Federation <b>9%</b>	3. Sweden <b>9%</b>
4. Latvia <b>8%</b>	4. Turkey <b>8%</b>
5. Turkey <b>7%</b>	5. Latvia <b>8%</b>
<b>Rest of world 49%</b>	<b>Rest of world 38%</b>

**Note:** All percentage changes reflect year on year changes.

1. All values are in constant 2021 prices & exchange rates. As reported in March 2022

2. Where the country or region has implemented job support schemes and supported jobs are still recorded as employment by national statistical authorities, job losses exclude those supported jobs (where known)

3. Source: Oxford Economics, national sources and UNWTO